

Special Topic: PDPS Database

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PDPS Roadmap



Special Topic: Production Rules

Capture PGE Profile at **SSI&T**

Describe Production Goals through **Production Requests**

Accept **On-demand** Production Requests

Accept Resource Reservations and Create **Resource Plans**

Planning Production Controls - Create and Activate **Production Plans**

Coordinate Production from Data Arrival with **Subscription** Notifications

Handle L0 **Data Preparation**

Special Topic: Production Subsetting

Realtime **Production** Controls and PGE Execution Monitoring

Special Topic: PGE Exit Handling

Quality Assurance Check Output Products

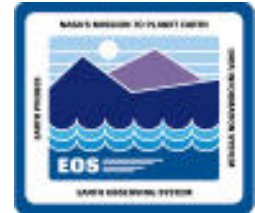
Special Topic: PDPS Database

Special Topic: Ancillary Data Pre-Processing

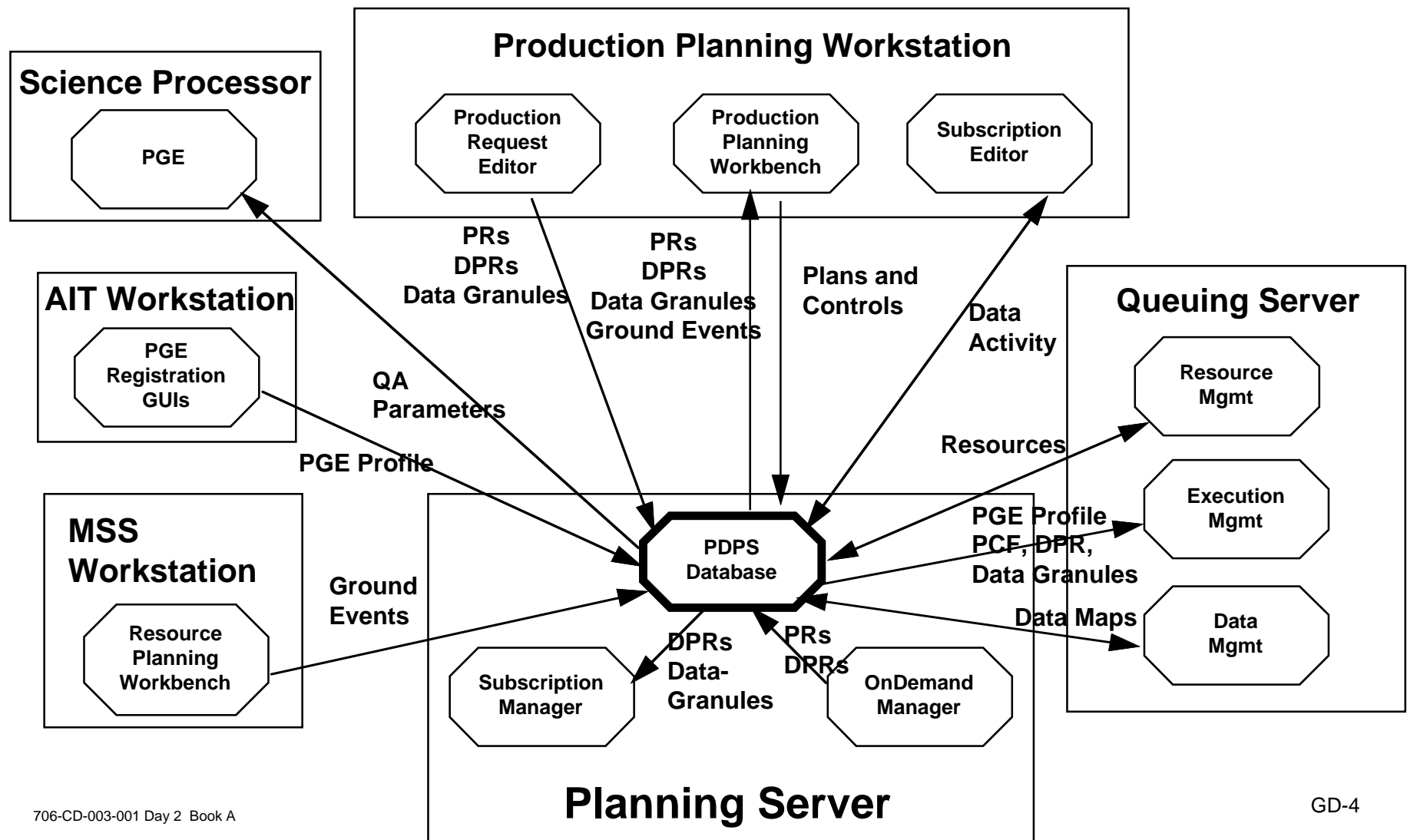
Overview



- **Used by various CSCs within PDPS to store operational data**
- **Employs a Sybase relational database management system**
- **Resides on the Planning server**
- **Is an ECS Process Framework managed server**
- **Design reflects the design of PDPS persistent classes in object model**
- **Database interface classes provide access from the application code**



Architecture



Requirements



- **New requirements in Release B have increased the demands on the database**
- **New database tables are the result of new persistent data classes in the Release B design for PDPS**
- **Changes to Release A database tables due to changes in persistent data class definitions in Release B**

Design



S-Designor tool used to generate a Physical Data Model (PDM)

- **Expressed in terms of relational tables**

Object models suggest the layout of the PDM

- **Persistent classes mapped to database tables**
- **Class attributes mapped to table columns**
- **Class relationships mapped to table relations**
 - **Expressed in terms of foreign key migration**
 - **Multiplicity of class relationship determines foreign key placement**
 - **For inheritance, the primary key is shared between parent and child**

Instances of an object class become rows in the corresponding table

Design (cont.)



Refinements to table structure

- **Some tables were added**
 - List types must be “exploded” for normalization
 - Many-to-many relationships give rise to join tables
- **Some columns were added**
 - Identity attribute may serve as the primary key for efficiency

Mapping will be documented in 311-CD-002-005

Interface



Reuse of database interface classes from Release A

Provides a common interface to the database from the application code

- **One Sybase connection can be shared by multiple database interface objects**
- **Reduces the amount of redundant database code that needs to be written**
- **Programmers do not need to have knowledge of DBtools.h++ to use**

Interface (cont.)



Documented in 305-CD-027-002

- **Object Model** 4.3.9
- **Event Trace** 4.5.8
 - **Updating a database table**

[illegible]

- **Primary and foreign keys are indexed**
- **Additional indexes placed on other columns**
 - **Frequently accessed**
 - **Involving a string type**

- **Pre-compiled SQL code is stored in the database**
- **Runs faster than a comparable series of SQL statements executed separately**
- **Reduces network traffic**

GD-10

Statistics



Sizing estimate

- Assume 4000 PGEs per day with reprocessing and replication of data
- Estimate 4 gigabytes of storage required over a 90-day period
- Length of time required to store data will depend on what reports are desired

Transaction analysis

- Same assumptions as for sizing
- Estimate between 79 and 118 transactions per second
- Depends on the amount of reprocessing

COTS SW



- Sybase, version 11
- Rogue Wave DBtools.h++ middleware

Summary



Is used by most CSCs in PDPS to store operational data

Uses a Sybase RDBMS

Resides on the Planning server

Reflects the design of the object model for PDPS

Must meet greater demands than the Release A database

Will require tuning to achieve maximum performance